ATS1100-H Series Stage User's Manual

P/N: EDS102 (Revision 1.02.00)



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Chapter 1: Overview

This manual describes Aerotech's ATS1100-H series of linear motor positioning stages. Figure 1-1 shows a typical ATS1100-H positioning stage.

The ATS1100-H series stages have travel distances ranging from 100 to 600 mm. It provides a small crosssection, medium payload capacity, cost effective alternative for precision applications where a small footprint and environmental protection are required.

This chapter introduces standard and optional features of the ATS1100-H stages, explains the model numbering system, and gives general safety precautions.



Figure 1-1: Typical ATS1100-H Series Linear Positioning Stage

NOTE: Aerotech continually improves its product offerings, and listed options may be superseded at any time. Refer to the most recent edition of the Aerotech Motion Control Product Guide for the most current product information at www.aerotech.com.

1.1. Standard Features

The ATS1100-H series stages all incorporate an integral metal waycover and side sealing system, precision 8mm lead ballscrew, sealed linear motion bearings, and an integral brushless, slotless motor. The side sealing system is designed to keep contaminants out of the ballscrew and bearings to extend the life and accuracy of the stage. The precision-ground, preloaded ballscrew ensures positioning accuracy while the linear bearing system provides stiffness, good load carrying capabilities, and continuous load support over the entire range of travel. The brushless, slotless motor is maintenance free and provides excellent velocity control due to its slotless design. Figure 1-2 shows a typical ATS1100-H series stage with integral hardcover and side sealing system

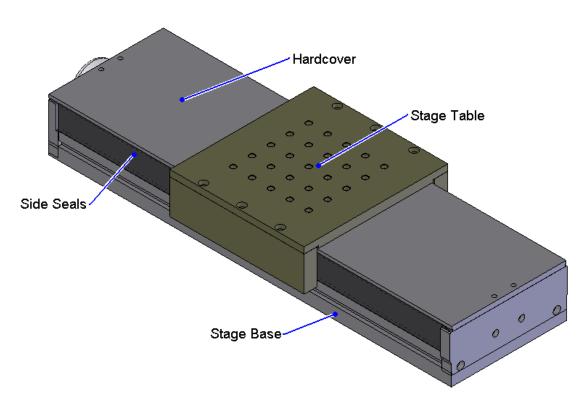


Figure 1-2: ATS1100-H Series Stage

1.1.1. Optional Features

Available assembly options allow the ATS1100-H series stages to be configured for a variety of applications. A foldback option is available for use in space-constrained applications. The stage travel limit switches can be configured to be either a normally closed or normally open depending on requirements. The standard rotary encoder is a 2000-line line driver output encoder, and an optional 1000-line amplified sine output rotary encoder is available. Various external multipliers are available as options, allowing for up to a 32 MHz data rate.

An electric brake is available for ATS1100-H stages. The 24 VDC, spring-set motor brake is capable of holding the stage in position even when mounted vertically.

To help prevent contamination in dirty environments, air fittings are available to purge the stage with air. This will help prevent particles from entering the stage.

Various stage assembly options are available to create multiple axis motion systems. XY or XZ stage assemblies can be mounted together and aligned for 5 or 10 arc second orthogonality.

To increase accuracy of the stage, HALAR is available. The stage is factory calibrated for accuracy errors of the ballscrew and corrections are made in the software.

For vacuum applications, two vacuum preparation options are available upon request, one compatible with low vacuum environments (down to 10^{-3} torr) and the other for high vacuum (10^{-3} to 10^{-6} torr) applications.

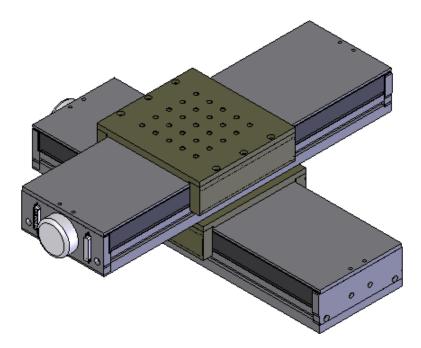


Figure 1-3: XY Positioning Systems using Two ATS1100-H stages

1.1.2. Model Numbers

The stage model number indicates the optional features on a particular stage. To determine the options on a particular stage, refer to the table below.

Aerotech continually improves its product offerings, and listed options may be superseded at any time. Refer to the most recent edition of the Aerotech Motion Control Product Guide for the most current product information at www.aerotech.com.

ATS1100-H Serie	es Linear Ball Screw Stage
ATS11010	100 mm (4 in) travel stage with ground ball screw, recirculating bearings, and limits
ATS11015	150 mm (6 in) travel stage with ground ball screw, recirculating bearings, and limits
ATS11020	200 mm (8 in) travel stage with ground ball screw, recirculating bearings, and limits
ATS11030	300 mm (12 in) travel stage with ground ball screw, recirculating bearings, and limits
ATS11040	400 mm (16 in) travel stage with ground ball screw, recirculating bearings, and limits
ATS11050	500 mm (20 in) travel stage with ground ball screw, recirculating bearings, and limits
ATS11060	600 mm (24 in) travel stage with ground ball screw, recirculating bearings, and limits
Stage Construct	ion Options
-VAC3	Vacuum preparation of stage to 10 ⁻³ torr
-VAC6	Vacuum preparation of stage to 10 ⁻⁶ torr
-NICKEL	Electroless Nickel Finish
Waycover	
-H	Stage sealing system with waycover
Mounting and Gri	id Pattern
-M	Metric dimension mounting pattern and holes
Drivescrew	
-80P	8 mm/rev precision ground ball screw
Limits	
-NC	Normally closed end of travel limit switches (STANDARD)
-NO	Normally open end of travel limit switches
Motor	
-BMS60	Integral slotless, brushless servomotor. Requires cable. (S50-52-A)
Rotary Encoder	
-E2000H	2000-line A Quad B output rotary encoder (STANDARD)
-E1000AS	1000-line amplified sine output rotary encoder
Options	
-P02	Air-purge fittings
-BRK	24 VDC spring-set motor brake

Table 1-1:	Model	Numbering	System
	mouci	Numbering	Oystoni

Accessories (to be ordered as separate line item)			
ALIGNMENT-NPA	Non-precision XY assembly		
ALIGNMENT-NPAZ	Non-precision XZ or YZ assembly with right angle-bracket		
ALIGNMENT-PA10	XY assembly; 10 arc sec orthogonal		
ALIGNMENT-PA10Z	XZ or YZ assembly with right angle-bracket; 10 arc second orthogonal		
ALIGNMENT-PA5	XY assembly; 5 arc sec orthogonal		
ALIGNMENT-PA5Z	XZ or YZ assembly with right angle-bracket; 5 arc second orthogonal		
HDZ10M	Metric right-angle bracket		
HALAR	High-accuracy system - linear error correction for accuracy and repeatability		
MXH5-A-mm	External 20-times multiplier, 32 MHZ maximum data rate, 0.4 μm resolution (E1000AS)		
MXH10-A-mm	External 40-times multiplier, 32 MHZ maximum data rate, 0.2 μm resolution (E1000AS)		
MXH25-A-mm	External 100-times multiplier, 32 MHZ maximum data rate, 0.08 μm resolution (E1000AS)		

Table 1-1: Model Numbering System (continued)

1.2. Dimensions

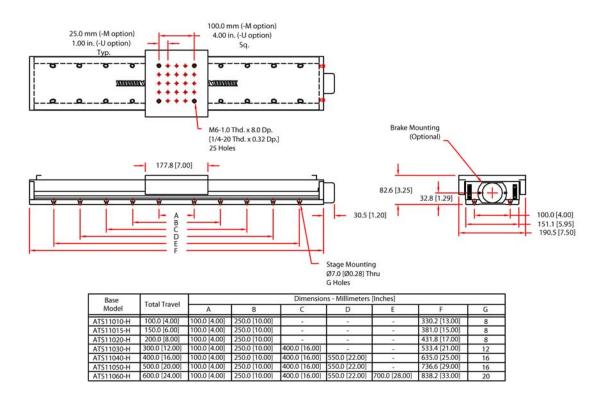


Figure 1-4: ATS1100-H Dimensions

1.3. Safety Procedures and Warnings

The following statements apply throughout this manual. Failure to observe these precautions could result in serious injury to those performing the procedures and damage to the equipment.

This manual and any additional instructions included with the stage should be retained for the lifetime of the stage.



To minimize the possibility of electrical shock and bodily injury or death, disconnect all electrical power prior to making any electrical connections.



To minimize the possibility of electrical shock and bodily injury or death when any electrical circuit is in use, ensure that no person comes in contact with the circuitry when the stage is connected to a power source.



To minimize the possibility of bodily injury or death, disconnect all electrical power prior to making any mechanical adjustments.



Moving parts of the stage can cause crushing or shearing injuries. All personnel must remain clear of any moving parts.



Improper use of the stage can cause damage, shock, injury, or death. Read and understand this manual before operating the stage.



If the stage is used in a manner not specified by the manufacturer, the protection provided by the stage can be impaired.



Stage cables can pose a tripping hazard. Securely mount and position all stage cables to avoid potential hazards.



Do not expose the stage to environments or conditions outside the specified range of operating environments. Operation in conditions other than those specified can cause damage to the equipment.



The stage must be mounted securely. Improper mounting can result in injury and damage to the equipment.



Use care when moving the stage. Manually lifting or transporting stages can result in injury.



Only trained personnel should operate, inspect, and maintain the stage.



This stage is intended for light industrial manufacturing or laboratory use. Use of the stage for unintended applications can result in injury and damage to the equipment.



Before using this stage, perform an operator risk assessment to determine the needed safety requirements.

1.4. EC Declaration of Incorporation

Manufactorer: Aerotech, Inc. 101 Zeta Drive Pittsburgh, PA 15238

USA



herewith declares that the product: Aerotech, Inc. ATS1100-H Stage is intended to be incorporated into machinery to constitute machinery covered by the Directive 2006/42/EC as amended;

does therefore not in every respect comply with the provisions of this directive;

and that the following harmonized European standards have been applied:

EN ISO 12100-1,-2:2003+A1:2009 Safety of machinery - Basic concepts, general principles for design ISO 14121-1:2007 Safety of machinery - Risk assessment - Par 1: Principles EN 60204-1:2005 Safety of machinery - Electrical equipment of machines - Part 1: General requirements

and further more declares that

it is not allowed to put the equipment into service until the machinery into which it is to be incorporated or of which it is to be a component has been found and declared to be in conformity with the provisions of the Directive 2006/42/EC and with national implementing legislation, i.e. as a whole, including the equipment referred to in this Declaration.

This is to certify that the aforementioned product is in accordance with the applicable requirements of the following Directive(s): 2011/65/EU RoHS 2 Directive

Authorized Representative: Address: Manfred Besold AEROTECH GmbH Süd-West-Park 90 D-90449 Nürnberg

Name:

llop nohrender Alex Weibel /

Position: Location: Date: Engineer Verifying Compliance Pittsburgh, PA March 2, 2011

Chapter 2: Installation

This chapter describes the installation procedure for the ATS1100-H stage, including handling the stage properly, preparing the mounting surface to accept the stage, securing the stage to the mounting surface, attaching the payload, and making the electrical connections.



Installation must follow the instructions in this chapter. Failure to follow these instruction could result in injury and damage to the equipment.

2.1. Unpacking and Handling the Stage

Carefully remove the stage from the protective shipping container. Set the stage on a smooth, flat, and clean surface. Before operating the stage, it is important to let the stage to stabilize at room temperature.

Each stage has a label listing the system part number and serial number. These numbers contain information necessary for maintaining or updating system hardware and software. Locate this label and record the information for later reference. If any damage has occurred during shipping, report it immediately.



Improper stage handling could adversely affect the stage's performance. Therefore, use care when moving the stage. Manually lifting or transporting the stage can cause injury.



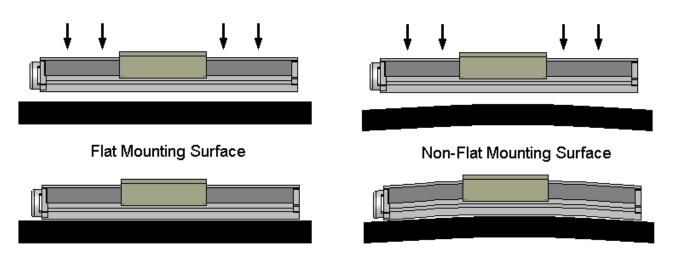
Lift the stage only by the base.



Do not use the ballscrew or motor as lifting points.

2.2. Preparing the Mounting Surface

The mounting surface should be flat and have adequate stiffness in order to achieve the maximum performance from the ATS1100-H. When an ATS1100-H series stage is mounted to a non-flat surface, the stage can be distorted as the mounting screws are tightened. This distortion will decrease the overall accuracy of the stage. *To maintain accuracy, the mounting surface should be flat within 1µm per 25mm.* Adjustments to the mounting surface must be done before the stage is secured. The effects of flatness on mounting are illustrated in Figure 2-1.





NOTE: The stage base is precision machined and verified for flatness prior to stage assembly at the factory. If machining is required to achieve the desired flatness, it should be performed on the mounting surface rather than the stage base. Shimming should be avoided if possible. If shimming is required, it should be minimized to improve the rigidity of the system.

2.3. Securing the Stage to the Mounting Surface

To access the mounting holes of the stage, the hardcover must be removed. Four screws, two at each end of the stage, retain the hardcover. Remove them and slide the hardcover out from under the table. If necessary, manually the stage table to access the slotted, counter-bored mounting holes along the edges of the stage. Refer to Figure 2-2. Install the appropriately sized socket head cap screws (M6 or 1/4") through the mounting holes and secure the stage to the mounting surface.



The stage must be mounted securely. Improper mounting can result in injury and damage to the equipment.

NOTE: The stage table may offer a considerable amount of resistance when it is moved manually. This is especially true if the stage is fitted with a motor assembly.

NOTE: If the stage is not connected to a power source, and is not equipped with an optional brake, it should be possible to move the stage table by hand with steady even pressure. Do not attempt to manually move the stage if it is connected to a power source or includes an integrated brake.

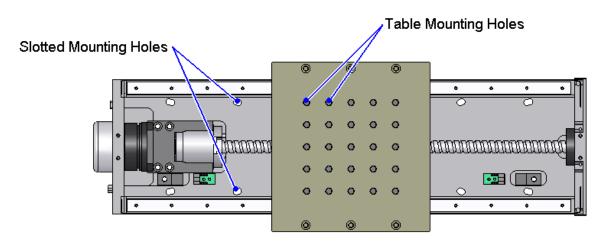


Figure 2-2: Top view of an ATS1100-H Stage Showing Mounting Holes

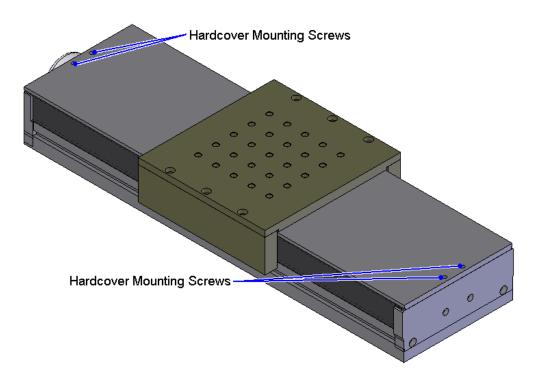


Figure 2-3: Hardcover Mounting Screw Locations

2.4. Attaching the Payload to the Stage

To prevent damage to payloads, test the operation of the stage before the payload is attached to the stage table. Proceed with the electrical installation and test the motion control system in accordance with the system documentation. Document all results for future reference. For information on electrical connections, refer to Section 2.5.

The payload should be flat, rigid, and comparable to the stage in quality.

NOTE: For valid system performance, the mounting interface should be flat within 2 μ m per 25 mm.

Refer to Chapter 3: Operating Specifications for information on cantilevered loads and load positioning.

2.5. Electrical Installation

Aerotech motion control systems are adjusted at the factory for optimum performance. When the ATS1100-H series stage is part of a complete Aerotech motion control system, setup involves connecting a stage and motor combination to the appropriate drive chassis with the cables provided. Connect the provided cables to the feedback and motor connectors on the stage. Labels on the drive indicate the appropriate connections. Refer to your drive manuals and documentation for additional installation and operation information. In some cases, if the system is uniquely configured, a drawing showing system interconnects is supplied.

Refer to Section 3.6. for wiring diagrams, connector pin labels, and pin descriptions.



Never connect or disconnect any electrical component or connecting cable while power is applied, or serious damage may result.



The stage's protective ground is located on pin A4 of the motor connector. If you are using cables other than those provided by Aerotech, you must connect pin A4 to a ground connection.

Chapter 3: Operating Specifications

The surrounding environment and operating conditions can affect the performance and service life of the stage. This chapter provides information on ideal environmental and operating conditions. Also included are instructions for estimating load and torque required to turn the ballscrew given various loadings.

3.1. Environmental Specifications

The environmental specifications for the ATS1100-H are listed in the following table.

Ambient Temperature	Operating: 10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F) The optimal operating temperature is 20° C ±2° C (68° F ±4° F). If at any time the operating tem- perature deviates from 20° C degradation in performance could occur. Contact Aerotech for information regarding your specific application and environment.
	Storage: 0° to 40° C (32° to 104° F) in original shipping packaging
Humidity	Operating: 40 percent to 60 percent RH The optimal operating humidity is 50 percent RH.
	Storage: 30 percent to 60 percent RH, non-condensing in original packaging
Altitude	Operating: 0 to 2,000 m (0 to 6,562 ft) above sea level Contact Aerotech if your specific application involves use above 2,000 m or below sea level.
Vibration	Use the system in a low vibration environment. Excessive floor or acoustical vibration can affect stage and system performance. Contact Aerotech for information regarding your specific application.
Dust Expo- sure	The ATS1100-H stages have limited protection against dust, but not water. This equates to an ingress protection rating of IP50.
Use	Indoor use only

Table 3-1: Environmental Specifications



Do not expose the stage to environments or conditions outside the specified range of operating environments. Operation in conditions other than those specified can cause damage to the equipment.

3.2. Accuracy and Temperature Effects

The accuracy specification of ATS1100-H series stages is measured at the center of travel 45mm above the table with the stage in a horizontal position.

The accuracy of the ballscrew is a key element in the overall positioning accuracy. A scale error can be expected if temperature of the ballscrew differs from 20° C (68° F). The greater the temperature difference, the greater the error. The temperature of the ballscrew depends on the speed and duty cycle of the stage. The faster the movement and higher the duty cycle, the more the stage accuracy will be affected by heat.

3.3. Basic Specifications

Basic ATS1100-H series positioning stage specifications are shown in Table 3-2. Resolution is dependent on ballscrew pitch, encoder resolution, and controller interpolation. For all ATS1100-H series stages, the ballscrew pitch is 8 mm per revolution. Motor specifications are given in Table 3-3.

Table 3-2: ATS1100-H Series Specifications

		ATS11010 ATS11015 ATS11020 ATS11030 ATS11040 ATS11050 ATS11						ATS11060
Total Travel		100 mm	150 mm	200 mm	300 mm	400 mm	500 mm	600 mm
		(4 in)	(6 in)	(8 in)	(12 in)	(16 in)	(20 in)	(24 in)
Drive Sys	tem			Pre	cision Ball Sc	rew		
Accu- racy	Stand- ard	±4 μm	± 6 µm	± 8 µm	± 12 µm	± 16 µm	± 20 µm	± 24 µm
	HALAR	±1.0 μm	±1.0 µm	±1.0 μm	±1.0 µm	±1.0 µm	±1.0 μm	±1.0 μm
Resolutio mm/rev le		1.0 μm @ 2000 steps/rev Motor Resolution						
Maximum Speed	Travel			400 mm/s (3	320 mm/s with	n E1000AS)		
Maximum	Load		70	kg (horizonta	I), 15 kg (verti	cal), 35 kg (si	de)	
Repeatab ectional)	oility (bidir-			±1.0 µm stan	dard; ±0.5 µm	with HALAR		
Straightne Flatness	ess and	±2.4 μm ±3.6 μm ±4.8 μm ±7.2 μm ±9.6 μm ±12.0 μm ±14.4 μr						±14.4 μm
Construct	on Aluminum Body/Black Anodize Finish/Hardcoat							
Stage We Motor and		8.0 kg8.7 kg9.4 kg11.0 kg12.3 kg13.9 kg15.4 kg(17.7 lb)(19.1 lb)(20.6 lb)(24.2 lb)(27.1 lb)(30.5 lb)(33.9 lb)						0

Model		S-50-52
Winding Designation		-A
Performance Specifications ^(1,5)		
Stall Torque, Continuous ⁽²⁾	N-m	0.33
	oz-in	46.2
Peak Torque ⁽³⁾	N-m	1.31
	oz-in	184.9
Rated Speed	rpm	4,000
Rated Power Output, Continuous	watts	112.1
Electrical Specifications ⁽⁵⁾		
BEMF Constant (line to line, max)	Volts pk / krpm	19.0
Continuous Current, Stall ⁽²⁾	Amp pk	2.3
	Amp rms	1.6
Peak Current, Stall ⁽³⁾	Amp pk	9.2
	Amp rms	6.5
Torque Constant ^(4,9)	N-m / Amp pk	0.14
	oz-in / Amp pk	20.1
	N-m / Amp rms	0.20
	oz-in / Amp rms	28.4
Motor Constant ^(2,4)	N-m / √W	0.050
	oz-in / √W	7.02
Resistance, 25 °C (line to line)	ohms	8.4
Inductance (line to line)	mH	1.30
Maximum Bus Voltage	VDC	340
Thermal Resistance	°C / W	1.73
Number of Poles	Р	8

Table 3-3: **ATS1100-H Series Motor Specifications**

2. Values shown @ 75 °C rise above a 25 °C ambient temperature, with housed motor mounted to a 250 mm x 250 mm x 6 mm aluminum heat sink

3. Peak torque assumes correct rms current, consult Aerotech

4. Torque Constant and Motor Constant specified at stall

5. All performance and electrical specifications +/- 10%

6. Losses due to bearings and aerodynamics considered negligible

7. Maximum winding temperature is 100 °C, Thermistor trips at 100 °C

8. Ambient operating temperature range: 0 °C - 25 °C, consult Aerotech for performance in elevated ambient temperatures

9. All Aerotech amplifiers are rated Apk; use torque constant in N-m / Apk when sizing

To increase resolution with the amplified sine (AS) encoder, the use of a controller multiplier is required. Table 1-2 shows resolutions available assuming a x4 controller multiplication.

Table 3-4: **ATS1100-H Series Resolution Information**

Encoder Option	Travel/Step ⁽¹⁾	Steps/Revolution ⁽¹⁾
1000 amplified sine	2.0 μm	4000
2500 line driver	1.0 µm	10000
(1) Assumes times-4 interpolation by controller	-	

3.4. Load Capability

It is recommended that application loads be symmetrically distributed whenever possible (i.e., the payload should be centered on the stage table and the entire stage should be centered on the support structure). With the stage lying flat (horizontal) and the application load vertically applied and symmetrically distributed, the maximum vertical load carrying capacity of ATS1100-H stages is 70 kg. If cantilevered loads are applied, refer to Figure 3-1 to find the maximum allowable load.

In Figure 3-1, two curves are shown for different loading conditions. The Lvc or "vertical cantilever" curve is for situations where the stage is mounted in a vertical orientation and the payload is mounted to the table top with its center of gravity extended outward. The Lsc or "side cantilever" curve assumes a horizontal stage orientation. If a cantilevered load situation is used, first determine if it is a vertical cantilever or side cantilever system based on 3.4. Measure the cantilever length, then find the corresponding load value from Figure 3-1.

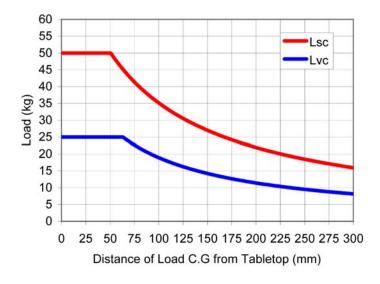


Figure 3-1: Load Capability of ATS1100-H Series Stages

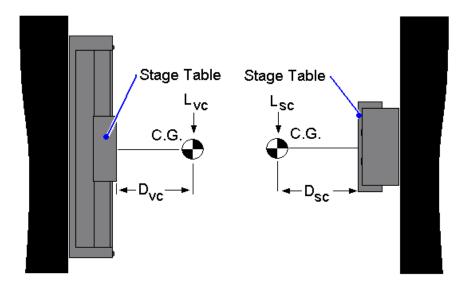


Figure 3-2: Stage Orientations for L_{VC} and L_{SC}

The approximate amount of torque required to turn the ballscrew of an ATS1100-H series stage can be found from Figure 3-3 or the following equation:

$$Torque_{REQ} = \frac{(AxialLoad) \times (Lead of Screw)}{2 \times \pi \times (Efficiency)}$$

For ATS1100-H series stages, the ballscrew efficiency is rated at 90% (0.90). Refer to Figure 3-3.

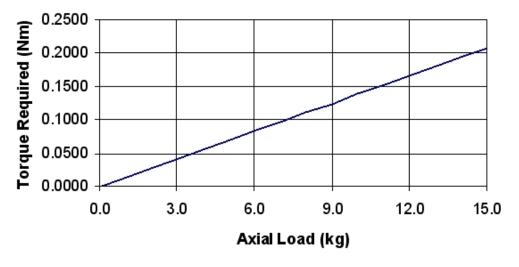


Figure 3-3: Torque Required to Turn ATS1100-H Ballscrew with Various Loads

When calculating loading and torque required during vertical movement or high accelerations, the moving mass within the stage may be needed. The carriage and stage table assembly weighs approximately 3 kg. All load capacities of the ATS1100-H given already include the carriage weight.

3.5. Optical Limit Switch

ATS1100-H series stages are provided with a pair of optical limit switch assemblies mounted to the bottom of the stage table. The limit switches signal when the stage table has reached its maximum useable travel distance in both directions.

3.5.1. Limit Switch Operation

Each limit switch has a light source and detector mounted to a small printed circuit board. Each limit switchboard is mounted at the ends of the stage with their emitter–detector axes perpendicular to the direction of table motion. On a standard stage, the clockwise (CW) switch is located at the end opposite the motor. When movement of the stage table causes the blade mounted to the stage carriage, to break the light beam from the emitter to the detector, a CW or counterclockwise (CCW) limit signal is generated. The limit switch itself can be configured as normally closed (NC) or normally open (NO).



If the stage is driven approximately 13 mm beyond the electrical limit, it will encounter a mechanical stop. Although the operating speed of the stage may be relatively slow, damage to the stage could result.

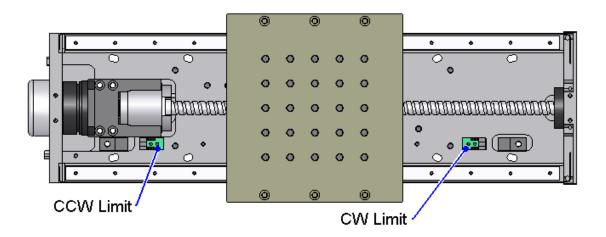


Figure 3-4: Internal View of a Typical Stage Showing Limit Switches

NOTE: The terms clockwise (CW) and counterclockwise (CCW) refer to the direction of motor rotation while looking into the shaft of the motor. For ATS125 series stages, a clockwise (CW) rotation of the motor causes the stage table to move away from the motor. Counterclockwise (CCW) rotation of the motor causes the stage table to move toward the motor. The exception is if an optional "fold back" option is used, in which case the directions are reversed.

3.5.2. Limit Switch Wiring

Limit switches are open-collector, TTL–compatible, electro–optical devices powered by 5 Volts that change output states when the stage approaches its maximum travel distance and breaks the light beam. Since they are open-collector devices, they may be interfaced to 24 Volt logic inputs. Each limit switch is mounted on a small printed circuit board. Standard ATS1100-H Stages include limit switch wiring integrated into the feedback connector.

Assuming a NC limit configuration, the input to the controller is seen as a logic 0 (typical 0.4V @ 12.8 mA) when no limit condition is present. When the limit switch is activated, a 5V source through a pull-up resistor causes a logic 1 (typically 4.8-5V) to be seen by the controller input. The limit switch operation for a NO limit configuration is the exact opposite as described above. See Figure 3-5Figure 3-5 for a diagram of limit switch wiring.

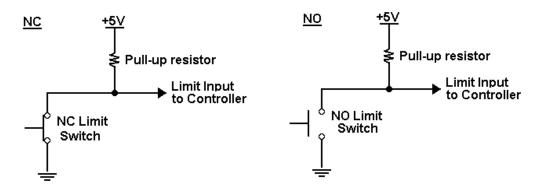


Figure 3-5: Normally Closed (NC) and Normally Open (NO) Limit Switch Wiring

3.6. Standard Motor Wiring

Stages fitted with standard motors and encoders come from the factory completely wired and assembled. For reference, connector pin outputs and general wiring information is given in the following figures. Pin outputs are defined in Table 3-5.

NOTE: Refer to the other documentation accompanying your Aerotech equipment. Call your Aerotech representative if there are any questions on system configuration.

NOTE: If you are using your own cables to connect the stage, ensure that the motor and ground wires can handle current higher than the continuous current listed in Table 3-3. The voltage rating of the wire insulation must be greater than the maximum bus voltage listed in Table 3-3.

	PIN	WIRE	SIGNAL]	PIN	WIRE	SIGNAL
	16	#24 VIO	LMT +5V	-	A1	BLK	MTRØA
	20	#24 GRN	COM	-	A1 A2	RED	MTRØB
STANDARD JUMPER	20	#24 GRY	CCW/-LMT				
		#24 ORN JUMPER	HOME LMT	-	A3	WHT	MTRØC
OPTIONAL JUMPER	12	#24 WHT	CW/+LMT	-	A4	GRN/YEL	FRM GND
	21 (1/2)	BLK	COM		1	#22 GRN	I/YEL
	21 (2/2)	GRY	COM				
	6	WHT/ORN	MKR-N				
	3 (1/2)	RED	ENC +5V			\bigwedge^{A^2} \bigwedge^{A^3} $\stackrel{1^2}{\bullet}$	
	3 (2/2)	VIO	ENC +5V	-		$\bigcirc \bigcirc_{3^{\circ}_4}$	
	7	ORN	MKR	-	MOT	OR CONNE	ECTOR
W/BRAKE ONLY	25	WHT (BRK)	BRK +	-			
	13	WHT (BRK)	BRK -				
	1	#22 GRN/YEL	FRAME GROUND				
	18	WHT/BLU	SIN-N				
h	11	WHT	HC				
	-	-	_				
	10	BRN	НА				
	17	BLU	SIN				
	15	WHT/YEL	COS-N				
	5	GRN	НВ				
	14	YEL	COS				
FEEDBACK CONNECTOR WITH COMMONING STRIPS							

Figure 3-6: Limit, Brake, and Encoder Wiring for Standard ATS1100-H Stages with Squarewave Encoders

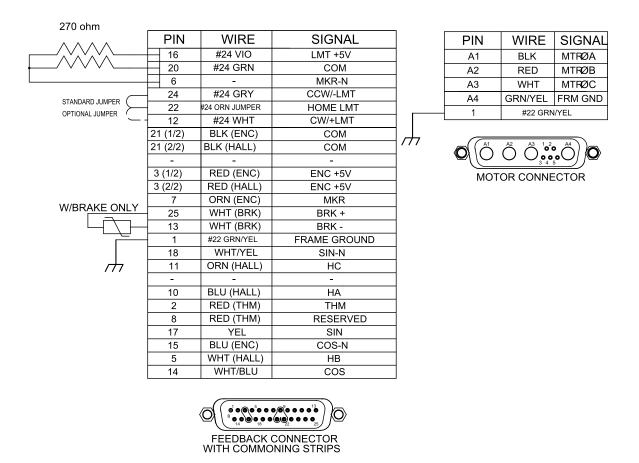


Figure 3-7: Limit, Brake, and Encoder Wiring for Standard ATS1100-H Stages with Amplified Sine Encoders

Pin Output	Description
Clockwise (CW/+) Limit	Active high signal indicating maximum travel produced by CW motor rotation. Normally not used on ATS1100-H stage with standard limit switch wiring.
COS	Cosine. Incremental encoder output; either TTL line driven or amplified sine wave type sig- nal.
COS-N	Incremental encoder output. Complement of cos.
Counter- clockwise (CCW/-) Limit	Active high signal indicating stage maximum travel produced by CCW motor rotation.
HOME LMT	Home Limit. Paralleled with CCW/- (with Standard Jumper) or CW/+ (Optional Jumper) limit. Typically not used.
ENC +5V	+5 V supply input for optical encoders. Typical requirement is 250 mA.
HA	Hall Effect A. Brushless motor commutation track output. TTL line driven signal with rotary motor.
HB	Hall Effect B. Brushless motor commutation track output. TTL line driven signal with rotary motor.
HC	Hall Effect C. Brushless motor commutation track output. TTL line driven signal with rotary motor.
LMT +5v	+ 5 V supply input for optical limit switch boards. Typical requirement is 50 mA.
MKR	Marker. Incremental encoder output pulse given once per revolution. Typically used for home reference cycle.
MKR-N	Incremental encoder output; either the compliment of Marker with a line driven, TTL type encoder or 2.5 V DC bias level with amplified sine wave type encoder.
SIN	Sine. Incremental encoder output; either TTL line driven or amplified sign wave type signal.
SIN-N	Incremental encoder output. Complement of sin.
MTR ØA	Motor Phase A.
MTR ØB	Motor Phase B.
MTR ØC	Motor Phase C.
BRK +	Brake +24 VDC, 250 mA.
BRK -	Brake 24 VDC Common.
THM	Positive lead for motor thermistor (to motion controller).
COM	Common

Table 3-5: Motor Wiring Pinout Descriptions

3.7. Vacuum Operation

Aerotech will prepare the ATS1100-H series stage for operation in vacuum environments. Aerotech offers two vacuum preparation options; one for low vacuum (for use in atmospheric pressures to 10^{-3} torr) and one for high vacuum (preparation for environments from 10^{-3} to 10^{-6} torr). As part of this preparation, attention to detail during modification, cleaning, and assembly results in stages with optimal performance in vacuum applications. This chapter will outline preparation techniques for stages that will operate in a vacuum. Some techniques covered are:

- Lubrication with vacuum-compatible lubricants
- Use of materials, fasteners, and coatings with vacuum outgas performance compatible with the level of vacuum specified
- For high vacuum stages, elimination of situations that may allow gases to become temporarily trapped during pump down

3.7.1. Special Guidelines

To ensure that the stage will continue to perform well in the vacuum environment, follow the guidelines listed below (in addition to standard handling, installation, and lubrication guidelines outlined earlier in this manual).

- 1. Do not remove the stage from the sealed bag until it is ready for use.
- 2. Always handle the stage in a clean environment and use powder-free polyethylene gloves to prevent any contaminants from adhering to the surface of the stage.
- 3. During installation, use cleaned, vented, stainless steel fasteners when securing the stage.
- 4. Reduced air pressure eliminates significant convective heat transfer. This, coupled with the viscous vacuum–compatible lubricants, could result in excessive motor operating temperatures. Because of this, consider all continuous torque ratings to be 40 to 60% lower than the value specified for operation in normal atmospheric environment. Reduce motor usage accordingly.
- 5. For vacuum applications, the recommended lubricant is a small quantity of Braycote® 602EF grease or a substitute of equal quality.
- 6. Aerotech does not bake out vacuum components. Baking vacuum components between 100 and 125 °C for 24 to 48 hours significantly reduces outgassing at initial pump-down to vacuum pressure and evaporates water vapor that impregnates porous surfaces on the aluminum surfaces and Teflon cables. Aerotech recommends that customers bake out vacuum systems when first installing them in the vacuum chamber.

Chapter 4: Maintenance

It is necessary to keep the ballscrew and bearing rails properly lubricated. Without proper lubrication, excessive wear will cause premature failure of the ballscrew or bearings. This will seriously degrade overall performance of the stage.

This chapter will cover information about intervals between lubrications, detail the lubrication and inspection process, and cover which lubricants are recommended for use.

NOTE: The bearing area must be kept free of foreign matter and moisture; otherwise, the performance and life expectancy of the stage will be reduced. Always operate the stage with the hard cover and side seals in place to help keep dirt out.



To minimize the possibility of bodily injury, confirm that all electrical power is disconnected prior to making any mechanical adjustments.

4.1. Service and Inspection Schedule

Lubricant inspection and replenishment in ATS1100-H series stages depends on conditions such as duty cycle, speed, and the environment. An inspection interval of once per month is recommended until a trend develops for the application. Longer or shorter intervals may be required to maintain the film of lubricant on the bearing surfaces. In general, it is recommended that stages operating in a clean environment be lubricated annually. For stages operating under conditions involving excessive debris, lubrication every six months is recommended. The ballscrew support bearings and motor bearings are sealed and do not need to be re-lubricated.

For high–speed applications (i.e., near maximum speed at a duty cycle of 50%), frequent ballscrew maintenance with standard lubricants is required.

4.2. Cleaning and Lubrication

4.2.1. Recommended Lubricants and Cleaning Solvents

For standard ballscrew assemblies and LMG guide rails, NSK LGU grease is recommended.

If a solvent is necessary for cleaning the stage, it is recommended that isopropyl rubbing alcohol be used. Harsher solvents, such as acetone, may damage the plastic and rubber seals on the ballscrew or LMG trucks.

4.2.2. Important Notes on Lubrication

When cleaning and/or lubricating components of the ATS1100-H series stages:

- 1. Be sure to use a clean, dry, soft, and lint-free cloth for cleaning.
- 2. Take the opportunity during the lubrication procedure to inspect the linear motion guides for any damage or signs of wear.
- 3. In applications that have multiple stages bolted together to form multiaxis systems, the orthogonality may be lost if the stage tables of the support stages are loosened. Precision aligned stages should not be loosened or disassembled.

4.3. Lubrication and Cleaning Process

The lubrication and cleaning process is outlined in the steps that follow. Before beginning lubrication, please see Section 4.2.1. for recommended lubricants.

- 1. Drive the stage table to one end of travel and remove power to the stage.
- 2. Remove the screws on the edges of the hard cover (Figure 4-2) and slide it out from the side opposite of the motor. This can be done without removing the table.
- 3. Remove any accumulated dust or debris from the inside of the assembly.
- 4. Remove any dirty or dried lubricant from the ballscrew. Use a clean, lint-free cloth with a side-to-side motion. For stages without an optional brake, manually turn the ballscrew to clean its entire circumference. A swab soaked in Isopropyl Alcohol may be used to remove stubborn debris. If the stage is equipped with a brake, the ballscrew cannot be turned by hand and must be cleaned without turning it.
- 5. Clean the end of the ballscrew nut and wiper with a clean, lint-free cloth or swab.
- 6. Clean the linear bearing guides using a similar technique.
- 7. Apply a thin, continuous film of lubricant to the ballscrew threads and linear bearing guides. A good quality, natural bristle artist's brush makes an excellent applicator.
- 8. For stages without an optional brake, manually move the stage to the opposite end of travel. This will work the grease into the ballscrew and linear bearing guides. Depending on the pitch of the ballscrew, it may be necessary to turn the ballscrew by hand rather than simply push the stage manually. This can be done by turning the motor coupling. If the stage has an optional brake, the stage cannot be moved by hand. In this case, restore power to the stage, drive it to the desired position, then remove power and continue to step 9. Be sure to use extreme caution while operating the stage temporarily without the hard-cover installed.
- 9. Repeat steps 3 through 7 for any areas covered by the original table position.
- 10. Refasten the hardcover.
- 11. Restore power to the stage, drive the stage table back to its original position to redistribute lubricants.



To minimize the possibility of bodily injury, confirm that all electrical power is disconnected prior to making any mechanical adjustments.

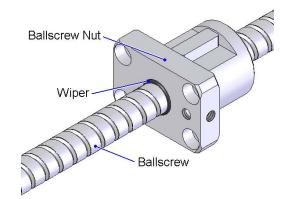


Figure 4-1: Typical Ballscrew with Ballscrew Nut and Wiper Seal

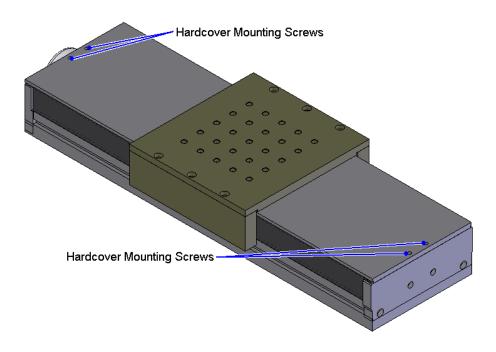


Figure 4-2: Hardcover Mounting Screw Locations

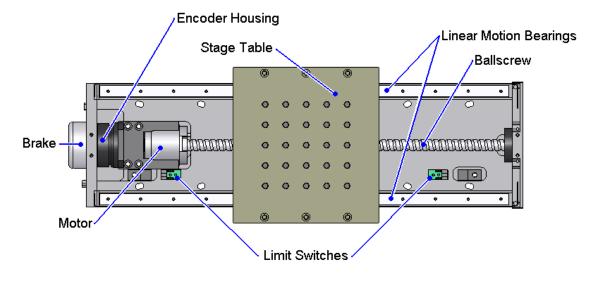


Figure 4-3: Internal View of Stage Showing Ballscrew and Linear Bearings

Appendix A: Warranty and Field Service

Aerotech, Inc. warrants its products to be free from defects caused by faulty materials or poor workmanship for a minimum period of one year from date of shipment from Aerotech. Aerotech's liability is limited to replacing, repairing or issuing credit, at its option, for any products that are returned by the original purchaser during the warranty period. Aerotech makes no warranty that its products are fit for the use or purpose to which they may be put by the buyer, where or not such use or purpose has been disclosed to Aerotech in specifications or drawings previously or subsequently provided, or whether or not Aerotech's products are specifically designed and/or manufactured for buyer's use or purpose. Aerotech's liability or any claim for loss or damage arising out of the sale, resale or use of any of its products shall in no event exceed the selling price of the unit. Aerotech, Inc. warrants its laser products to the original purchaser for a minimum Laser Products period of one year from date of shipment. This warranty covers defects in workmanship and material and is voided for all laser power supplies, plasma tubes and laser systems subject to electrical or physical abuse, tampering (such as opening the housing or removal of the serial tag) or improper operation as determined by Aerotech. This warranty is also voided for failure to comply with Aerotech's return procedures. Return Procedure Claims for shipment damage (evident or concealed) must be filed with the carrier by the buyer. Aerotech must be notified within (30) days of shipment of incorrect materials. No product may be returned, whether in warranty or out of warranty, without first obtaining approval from Aerotech. No credit will be given nor repairs made for products returned without such approval. Any returned product(s) must be accompanied by a return authorization number. The return authorization number may be obtained by calling an Aerotech service center. Products must be returned, prepaid, to an Aerotech service center (no C.O.D. or Collect Freight accepted). The status of any product returned later than (30) days after the issuance of a return authorization number will be subject to review. After Aerotech's examination, warranty or out-of-warranty status will be deter-Returned Product Warmined. If upon Aerotech's examination a warranted defect exists, then the prodranty Determination uct(s) will be repaired at no charge and shipped, prepaid, back to the buyer. If the buyer desires an airfreight return, the product(s) will be shipped collect. Warranty repairs do not extend the original warranty period. After Aerotech's examination, the buyer shall be notified of the repair cost. At such **Returned Product** time, the buyer must issue a valid purchase order to cover the cost of the repair and Non-warranty Deterfreight, or authorize the product(s) to be shipped back as is, at the buyer's mination expense. Failure to obtain a purchase order number or approval within (30) days of notification will result in the product(s) being returned as is, at the buyer's expense. Repair work is warranted for (90) days from date of shipment. Replacement components are warranted for one year from date of shipment. At times, the buyer may desire to expedite a repair. Regardless of warranty or out-**Rush Service** of-warranty status, the buyer must issue a valid purchase order to cover the added rush service cost. Rush service is subject to Aerotech's approval.

•	If an Aerotech product cannot be made fur sending and having the customer install re to the Aerotech service center for repair, a could be warranty-related, then the following	eplacement parts, and cannot be returned and if Aerotech determines the problem
	Aerotech will provide an on-site field servi of time, provided that the customer issues ering all transportation and subsistence co tomer will not be charged for the cost of la times other than normal work periods, the	osts. For warranty field repairs, the cus- bor and material. If service is rendered at
	If during the on-site repair it is determined the terms and conditions stated in the follo section apply.	
•	 If any Aerotech product cannot be made functional by telephone assistance or pur- r chased replacement parts, and cannot be returned to the Aerotech service center for repair, then the following field service policy applies: 	
	Aerotech will provide an on-site field servi of time, provided that the customer issues ering all transportation and subsistence co ing travel time, necessary to complete the	osts and the prevailing labor cost, includ-
Company Address	Aerotech, Inc. 101 Zeta Drive	Phone: (412) 963-7470
	Pittsburgh, PA 15238-2897	Fax: (412) 963-7459

Appendix B: Technical Changes

Table B-1:	Current Changes	(1.02.00)
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Section(s) Affected	General Information
Section 1.4.	Added section
Section 3.1.	Added section
Chapter 2: Installation, Section 2.1., Section 2.3., Section 2.5., and Sec- tion 1.3.	Added safety information and warnings
Section 3.3.	Added motor specifications
Section 3.6.	Added note about current requirements of motor and ground wires, changed pin 8 to Reserved

Table B-2: Archived Changes

Revision	Section(s) Affected	General Information
1.00.00		New Manual
1.01.00	Section 1.2.	Added Dimensions section

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Reader's Comments

ATS1100-H Series Stage Manual P/N: EDS102, March 2, 2011 Revision 1.02.00 Please answer the questions below and add any suggestions for improving this document.



Is the manual:	Yes	No
Adequate to the subject		
Well organized		
Clearly presented		
Well illustrated		

How do you use this document in your job? Does it meet your needs? What improvements, if any, would you like to see? Please be specific or cite examples.

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